
POLYNOMIAL SURFACES

Peter Schröder

CS175 2000

1

SURFACES

Non-tensor product

$$F(u, v) = \sum_{i+j+k=n} p_{ijk} \binom{n}{ijk} u^i v^j (1-u-v)^k$$

- example: quadratic in two variables

$$F(u, v) = a_{00} + a_{10}u + a_{01}v + a_{20}u^2 + a_{11}uv + a_{02}v^2$$

- Bezier functions for triangles
- B-patches? very hard!

CS175 2000

2

SURFACES

Tensor product

- 2 parameter directions which decouple $F(u, v) = F_u(u)F_v(v)$
- example: bi-cubic patches

$$\begin{aligned} F(u, v) &= \sum_{i,j=0}^3 p_{ij} B_i^3(u) B_j^3(v) \\ &= (a_0 + a_1 u + a_2 u^2 + a_3 u^3)(b_0 + b_1 v + b_2 v^2 + b_3 v^3) \end{aligned}$$

TENSOR PRODUCT SURF.

Polarform

- reduces to 1D setting

$$F(u, v) = F_u(u)F_v(v) = f_u(uuu)f_v(vvv) = f(uuu; vvv)$$

$$F(u, v) = \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j=0}^m f(u_1^{n-i} u_2^i; v_1^{m-j} v_2^j) B_i^n(u) B_j^m(v)$$

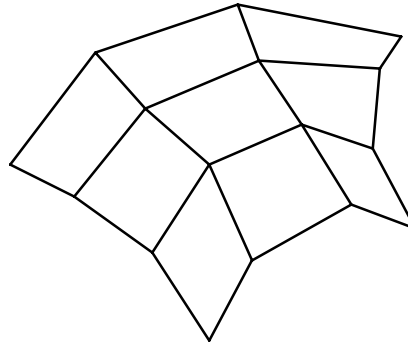
- control points of tensor product surface are outerproduct of control points for 1D components

TENSOR PRODUCT

Control points

$$F(u, v) = f_u(uuu)f_v(vvv)$$

		u →			
		a	b	c	d
v ↓	e	ea	eb	ec	ed
	f	fa	fb	fc	fd
	g	ga	gb	gc	gd
	h	ha	hb	hc	hd



CS175 2000

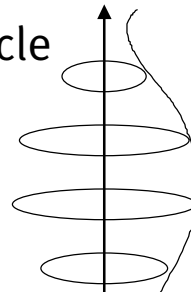
5

SURFACES OF REVOLUTION

Profiles and axes

- modulate diameter of circle

$$s(u) = \begin{pmatrix} B_x^s(u)/B_w^s(u) \\ B_y^s(u)/B_w^s(u) \end{pmatrix}$$



$$T(u, v) = \begin{pmatrix} r(v)s(u) \\ a(v) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} B_x^r(v)/B_w^r(v)s(u) \\ B_z^r(v)/B_w^r(v) \end{pmatrix}$$

CS175 2000

6